GRADE FOUR

MUSIC ACTIVITIES SCHEMES OF WORK

TERM ONE YEAR SCHOOL

We	Lsn	Strand/	Sub strand	Specific learning	Key inquiry	Learning experiences	Learning	Assessment	Refl			
ek		Theme		outcomes	Questions		Resources	methods				
1		OPENING	PENING OF THE TERM/PREPARATION									
2	1	PERFOR MING	Songs	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) sing different types of songs, with accuracy in pitch, rhythm and dynamics controlling the expressive elements b) perform songs as an individual (solo) or in a group (choral) c) sing 2-part songs to explore the concept of harmony	 Why do you sing? During which occasion music performed in you community? What should one do to ensure they sing well? What do the songs we sing talk about? How do you express yourself while singing? 	Learners sing different types of familiar songs Learners listen to/watch recordings of songs and imitate with accuracy in pitch and rhythm Individually (solo) and in groups, (choral) learners are guided in singing different types of songs: Patriotic, Action, Sacred and Topical songs on pertinent & contemporary issues with accuracy in pitch, rhythm and dynamics (soft and loud)	Sheet music, song book, pitching device, audio/visual recordings	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral/aural questions, Project				
	2		Songs	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) sing different types of songs, with accuracy in pitch, rhythm and dynamics controlling the expressive elements b) perform songs as an individual (solo) or in a group (choral) c) sing 2-part songs to explore the concept of harmony	Why do you sing? During which occasion music performed in you community? What should one do to ensure they sing well? What do the songs we sing talk about? How do you express yourself while singing?	Learners sing different types of familiar songs Learners listen to/watch recordings of songs and imitate with accuracy in pitch and rhythm Individually (solo) and in groups, (choral) learners are guided in singing different types of songs: Patriotic, Action, Sacred and Topical songs on pertinent & contemporary issues with accuracy in pitch, rhythm and dynamics (soft and loud)	Sheet music, song book, pitching device, audio/visual recordings	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral/aural questions, Project				

	3	Songs	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) sing different types of songs, with accuracy in pitch, rhythm and dynamics controlling the expressive elements b) perform songs as an individual (solo) or in a group (choral) c) sing 2-part songs to explore the concept of harmony	 Why do you sing? During which occasion music performed in you community? What should one do to ensure they sing well? What do the songs we sing talk about? How do you express yourself while singing? 	Learners watch/listen to live/recorded performances of solo and choral music and are guided in identifying expressive elements (dynamics, articulation, and tempo) in the performance Individually and in groups learners discuss the message in the songs Individually and in groups learners perform different types of songs employing the appropriate expressive elements (dynamics, articulation, and tempo) Learners watch live or recorded performances of two part songs for familiarisation Sheet music, song observation checklist, pitching device, audio/visual recordings Portfolio, Observation Checklist, Oral/aural questions, Project recordings
3	1	Songs	PROJECT a) use digital devices to record individual (solo) and group (choral) performances for sharing and documentation	Why do you sing? During which occasion music performed in you community? What should one do to ensure they sing well? What do the songs we sing talk about? How do you express yourself while singing?	At home and in school, learners use digital devices to record individual (solo) and group (choral) performances guided by the teacher and parent/guardian. Learners watch/listen to recorded performances and discuss the types of songs in the performances Sheet Portfolio, music, song book, checklist, pitching Oral/aural device, questions, audio/visual Project recordings
	2	Songs	PROJECT a) use digital devices to record individual (solo) and group (choral) performances for sharing and documentation	 Why do you sing? During which occasion music performed in you community? What should one do to ensure they sing well? What do the songs we sing talk about? How do you express yourself while singing? 	Sheet Portfolio, At home and in school, learners use digital devices to record individual (solo) and group (choral) performances guided by the teacher and parent/guardian. Learners watch/listen to recorded performances and discuss the types of songs in the performances Sheet Portfolio, Observation checklist, pitching Oral/aural questions, audio/visual recordings

	3	Kenyan folk song	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) sing folk songs drawn from local community b) discuss the message and values in a folk song c) perform folk songs with coordinated body movements	Which traditional song are performed in your local community? What is the message in the folk song? What values can we learn from folk songs? What safety measures should be observed when performing traditional folk songs? Which instruments are used to accompany foll songs?	Learners listen to/watch live/recorded performances of folk songs from the local community Learners visit community cultural centres to watch and learn folk songs In groups, learners are guided to perform folk songs with coordinated body movements	Traditional musical instrument, resource person, costumes and props	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test	
4	1	Kenyan folk song	By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to: a) sing folk songs drawn from local community b) discuss the message and values in a folk song c) perform folk songs with coordinated body movements	1. Which traditional song: are performed in your local community? 2. What is the message in the folk song? 3. What values can we learn from folk songs? 4. What safety measures should be observed when performing traditional folk songs? 5. Which instruments are used to accompany foll songs?	Learners listen to/watch live/recorded performances of folk songs from the local community Learners visit community cultural centres to watch and learn folk songs In groups, learners are guided to perform folk songs with coordinated body movements	Traditional musical instrument, resource person, costumes and props	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test	
	2	Kenyan folk song	d) observe safety in the performance of a folk song e) observe etiquette in a folk song to enhance acceptable social relationships f) use appropriate instrumental accompaniment in a folk song.	1. Which traditional song: are performed in your local community? 2. What is the message in the folk song? 3. What values can we learn from folk songs? 4. What safety measures should be observed when performing traditional folk songs? 5. Which instruments are used to accompany foll songs?	In groups, learners are guided to perform folk songs with coordinated body movements Learners take different roles in performing folk songs Learners observe safety while performing folk songs and in the use of props In groups, learners practice etiquette such as appropriate dressing and morally acceptable body movements while performing folk songs	Traditional musical instrument, resource person, costumes and props	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test	

	3	Kenyan folk song	d) observe safety in the performance of a folk song e) observe etiquette in a folk song to enhance acceptable social relationships f) use appropriate instrumental accompaniment in a folk song.	1. Which traditional song are performed in your local community? 2. What is the message in the folk song? 3. What values can we learn from folk songs? 4. What safety measures should be observed when performing traditional folk songs? 5. Which instruments are used to accompany foll songs?	In groups, learners are guided to perform folk songs with coordinated body movements Learners take different roles in performing folk songs Learners observe safety while performing folk songs and in the use of props In groups, learners practice etiquette such as appropriate dressing and morally acceptable body movements while performing folk songs	Traditional musical instrument, resource person, costumes and props	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test	
5	1	Kenyan folk song	d) observe safety in the performance of a folk song e) observe etiquette in a folk song to enhance acceptable social relationships f) use appropriate instrumental accompaniment in a folk song.	1. Which traditional song are performed in your local community? 2. What is the message in the folk song? 3. What values can we learn from folk songs? 4. What safety measures should be observed when performing traditional folk songs? 5. Which instruments are used to accompany foll songs?	Learners use appropriate instruments to accompany folk songs guided by the teacher Individually and in groups, learners identify and discuss the messages and values in folk songs	Traditional musical instrument, resource person, costumes and props	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test	
	2	Musical instrument s: Kenyan traditional musical instrument s- percussion instrument s	By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to: a) classify percussion instruments from Kenya b) aurally and visually identify melodic and non- melodic percussion instruments from Kenya c) identify the parts of a	1. How are percussion instruments played? 2. Which percussion instruments can play a melody? 3. Which locally available materials can be used to make percussion instruments? 4. Why is a drum tuned? 5. How is a drum tuned?	Learners watch live/ recorded performance of percussion instruments Learners aurally and visually identify percussion instruments as melodic or non-melodic Learners observe pictures of /real percussion instruments and classify them as melodic and non-melodic percussion instruments. Learners play different percussion instruments to identify whether the instrument is melodic or non-melodic Learners observe real/pictures of different percussion instruments and are guided in naming the parts	Descant recorders, melodic and no-melodic instruments, resource person	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test, aural tests, project work, Assignments	

	3	Musical instrument s: Kenyan traditional musical instrument s- percussion instrument s	d) tune a drum in order to produce the desired sound e) play a percussion instrument to provide appropriate accompaniment to a song or dance	 How are percussion instruments played? Which percussion instruments can play a melody? Which locally available materials can be used to make percussion instruments? Why is a drum tuned? How is a drum tuned? 	Learners watch live/ recorded performance of percussion instruments Learners aurally and visually identify percussion instruments as melodic or non-melodic Learners observe pictures of /real percussion instruments and classify them as melodic and non-melodic percussion instruments. Learners play different percussion instruments to identify whether the instrument is melodic or non-melodic Learners observe real/pictures of different percussion instruments and are guided in naming the parts	Descant recorders, melodic and no-melodic instruments, resource person	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test, aural tests, project work, Assignments	
6	1	Musical instrument s: Kenyan traditional musical instrument s- percussion instrument s	PROJECT a) Make a percussion instrument using locally available materials to accompany a song or dance b) Use digital devices to record music made by percussion instruments for sharing and documentation.	 How are percussion instruments played? Which percussion instruments can play a melody? Which locally available materials can be used to make percussion instruments? Why is a drum tuned? How is a drum tuned? 	In groups learners tune a drum using the appropriate method (tightening laces and or warming the membrane). Individually and in groups learners play different percussion instruments (melodic and non-melodic) to accompany song and dance guided by the teacher/resource person In groups learners make percussion instruments observing own and others' safety Learners record music made by percussion instruments, share and discuss the percussion instruments used with peers	Descant recorders, melodic and no-melodic instruments, resource person	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test, aural tests, project work, Assignments	
	2	Descant recorder	a) Play the notes B A G on a descant recorder b) Play simple melodies using the notes B A G on the descant recorder c) Practice hygiene measures in the use of the descant recorder	How are different pitches produced on a descant recorder? How do you care and maintain the descant recorder?	 Learners explore the recorder by identifying the parts guided by the teacher Learners discuss and practice hygiene measures in using the descant recorder Learners practice holding and blowing the recorder with the appropriate posture and fingering 	Descant recorders, melodic and no-melodic instruments, resource person	Portfolio, Observation checklist, Oral questions, Practical test, aural tests, project work, Assignments	

	3							Portfolio,	
) N 4 D 4 G			Descant	Observation	
			Play the notes B A G on a descant recorder	How are different	Learners learn finger numbers on hand and fingerings for B. A. C. on good for	recorders,	checklist,		
			Doccont	b) Play simple melodies using	pitches produced on a	fingerings for B A G on recorder • Clap rhythmic patterns before playing the	melodic and	Oral	
		Descant recorder	the notes B A G on the descant recorder	descant recorder? 2. How do you care and	patterns with assigned tones (B A G)	no-melodic	questions,		
			c) Practice hygiene measures in the use of the descant recorder		maintain the descant recorder?	 Learners play B A G as demonstrated by the teacher using rhythmic patterns built on taa, 	instruments,	Practical test,	
						ta-te (crotchets and quavers)	resource	aural tests,	
							person	project work,	
								Assignments	
7	1							Portfolio,	
						 Individually and in groups learners play melodies built on B A G Individually learners practice playing the notes and melodies learnt at home. 	Descant	Observation	
				Play the notes B A G on a descant recorder	1. How are different pitches produced on a descant recorder? 2. How do you care and maintain the descant		recorders,	checklist,	
			Decemt	Descant b) Play simple melodies using the notes B A G on the descant recorder			melodic and	Oral	
							no-melodic	questions,	
			recorder	 Practice hygiene measures in the use of the descant 			instruments,	Practical test,	
				recorder			resource	aural tests,	
							person	project work,	
								Assignments	
	2						Traditional	Practical,	
				By the end of the Sub strand the learner should be able to:		Learners watch a live/recorded	instruments,	observation,	
		Dance		a) perform a Kenyan folk dance	 Why do people dance? How do we perform a 	Kenyan folk dance from the local community	Video of	field work	
			from their local community b) apply basic elements of dance	folk dance?	Learners perform a dance from	dances,			
			in a dance performance	Which dances are performed in the	the local community guided by the teacher observing the basic	recorder			
			 c) perform a Kenyan folk dance with coordinated body 	community?	elements of dance (time, space,	stands,			
				movements		energy and relationships)	resource		
							person		

	3		Dance	d) create dance formations for aesthetic value e) perform a folk dance observing own and others safety	 Why do people dance? How do we perform a folk dance? Which dances are performed in the community? 	Individually and in groups learners perform a folk dance with coordinated body movements In groups learners perform a Kenyan folk dance incorporating formations observing own and others' safety Learners record dances performed in school and the community and share their experiences in class	Traditional instruments, Video of dances, recorder stands, resource person	Practical, observation, field work	
8	1		Dance	PROJECT a) record Kenyan folk dances for sharing and documentation	 Why do people dance? How do we perform a folk dance? Which dances are performed in the community? 	Individually and in groups learners perform a folk dance with coordinated body movements In groups learners perform a Kenyan folk dance incorporating formations observing own and others' safety Learners record dances performed in school and the community and share their experiences in class	Traditional instruments, Video of dances, recorder stands, resource person	Practical, observation, field work	
	2	CREATI NG/COM POSING MUSIC	Rhythm	By the end of the sub- strand, the learner should be able to: a) interpret rhythmic pattern involving crotchet and quaver using French rhythm names (taa, ta-te) b) create simple rhythms using French rhythm names (taa, ta-te) for crotchet and quaver	How are rhythms created?	 Individually and in groups, learners clap/tap rhythms of words involving taa, ta-te (crotchet and quaver) maintaining a steady beat. Learners interpret (orally) rhythmic patterns involving crotchet and quaver using French rhythm names (taa, ta-te) 	Sheet music, melodic instrument, flash cards- of rhythmic patterns, melodies, sol-fa names	Oral tests, Aural tests, Written tests	

	3		Rhythm	By the end of the sub- strand, the learner should be able to: a) interpret rhythmic pattern involving crotchet and quaver using French rhythm names (taa, ta-te) b) create simple rhythms using French rhythm names (taa, ta-te) for crotchet and quaver	How are rhythms created?	 Individually and in groups, learners clap/tap rhythms of words involving taa, ta-te (crotchet and quaver) maintaining a steady beat. Learners interpret (orally) rhythmic patterns involving crotchet and quaver using French rhythm names (taa, ta-te) 	Sheet music, melodic instrument, flash cards- of rhythmic patterns, melodies, sol-fa names	Oral tests, Aural tests, Written tests	
9-14		ASSESME	ENT/END TE	I ERM			names		